# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

ABC #4 BLACK



Date of issue 9 April 2024

Version 11

1. Product and company identification			
Product name	: ABC #4 BLACK		
Product code	: 00333517		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.; Antifouling products		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777		
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777		

# 2. Hazards identification

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2A EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 1 Signal word : Danger	GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A         RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1         GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B         TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1         HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1         HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 1         HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 1         HAZARD P         Category 1		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
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2. Hazards identification		
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs, respiratory system, systemic toxicity, whole body) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (bones, central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

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# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
dicopper oxide	25 - <50	1317-39-1	1-297
Rosin	15 - <20	8050-09-7	7-935
Zinc oxide	15 - <20	1314-13-2	1-561
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	10 - <12.5	14807-96-6	Not available.
Xylene	10 - <12.5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Butyl acetate	3 - <5	123-86-4	2-731
Oils, pine	2 - <3	8002-09-3	Not available.
Cyclohexanone	1 - <2	108-94-1	3-2376
Ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
carbon black	0.5 - <1	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222
copper(II) oxide	0.5 - <1	1317-38-0	1-297
methyl isobutyl ketone	0.5 - <1	108-10-1	2-542
Copper	0.5 - <1	7440-50-8	Not available.
dipentene	0.2 - <0.5	138-86-3	3-2245; 7-988;
			8-498

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important sympto	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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4. First aid measures				
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Indication of immediate me	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5.	Fire	-fighting	measures
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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
·	• Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent handling respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dicopper oxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Copper and compounds] Skin sensitizer.
Rosin	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). Skin sensitizer.
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Inhalation sensitizer. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder, Talc)] OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust)
	OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)
Xylene	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). [xylene] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Butyl acetate	OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 475 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Cyclohexanone	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		6/2020).
copper(II) oxide		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022). [Copper and compounds]
methyd ie chystyd ketere e		Skin sensitizer.
methyl isobutyl ketone		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020).
2		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Copper		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022). [Copper and compounds] Skin sensitizer.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to approprinational guidance documents for meth substances will also be required.	ate monitoring standards. Reference to ods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep w	e process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation vorker exposure to airborne contaminants imits. The engineering controls also need to

keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
 Environmental exposure controls
 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Black. Odor : Characteristic. : >37.78°C (>100°F) **Boiling point Flash point** : Closed cup: 27.78°C (82°F) **Evaporation rate** : 0.62 (butyl acetate = 1) : 1 kPa (7.5 mm Hg) Vapor pressure **Relative density** : 1.79 Media Result Solubility(ies) cold water Not soluble

## **10. Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

# **11. Toxicological information**

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
Rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
Zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Oils, pine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.1 g/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
copper(II) oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
methyl isobutyl ketone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
Copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
dipentene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5300 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dicopper oxide	Category 1	-	whole body
	Category 3		Respiratory tract
			irritation
Rosin	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
L			irritation
Zinc oxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs,
			systemic toxicity
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butyl acetate	Category 3		Respiratory tract
Buly acciate	Category 5	_	irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	respiratory system
- ,	Category 2		central nervous
			system (CNS)
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
copper(II) oxide	Category 1	-	systemic toxicity
	Category 3		Respiratory tract
			irritation
methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Copper	Category 1	-	digestive organs
	Category 3		Respiratory tract
			irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Cyclohexanone	Category 1	-	bones, central nervous system (CNS)
Ethylbenzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
carbon black	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Oils, pine	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
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Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Cause skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	respiratory tract irritation
	coughing
	wheezing and breathing difficulties
	asthma roduced fotol weight
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
ingestion	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed offects	

Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential chronic health effects

 General
 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

 Carcinogenicity
 : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

 Mutagenicity
 : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
ABC #4 BLACK	1632.7	6682.8	N/A	60.4	11.4
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
Rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oils, pine	2100	5000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cyclohexanone	1800	300	N/A	3	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
copper(II) oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl isobutyl ketone	2080	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
dipentene	5300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### **12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
methyl isobutyl ketone	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
dipentene	LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Ethylbenzene methyl isobutyl ketone	- OECD 301F	79 % - Readily - 10 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
₩ylene Butyl acetate Ethylbenzene methyl isobutyl ketone	- - -	- - -	Readily Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
methyl isobutyl ketone	1.9	-	Low
dipentene	4.57	-	High

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	1	Not available.
Mobility	:	Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. ŝ, Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information			
	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		
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14. Transpo	rt information			
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.		he environmentally us substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	1	Not applicable.

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
<mark>K</mark> ylene	10	Class 1	80
Ethylbenzene	1.8	Class 1	53

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

#### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethyl benzene		Group-2 Substances under Supervision	3-3

#### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Copper and its compounds	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	379
Rosin	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	632
Zinc oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	188
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	181
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Listed	231
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

# 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Copper and its compounds	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	379
Rosin	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	632
Zinc oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	188
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	181
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Listed	231
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Carbon black	≤10	Listed	130
Methyl isobutyl ketone	≤10	Listed	569

#### Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

#### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>▼</b> ylene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	125
Cyclohexanone	≤10	Priority assessment	131
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Methyl isobutyl ketone	≤10	Priority assessment	116
Polychlorinated normal paraffin (It is limited that the number of carbon is 10 to 13 and the content of chlorine is more than 48% of the total weight.)	≤10	Class I Specified	32
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45
1-Butanol	≤10	Priority assessment	124

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15. Regulatory information				
High Pressure Gas Control Law	: Not available.			
Explosives Control Law				
None of the components are	listed.			
Law concerning prevention of pollution of the ocean	: Not available.			
Maritime Safety Law				
Notification Regulating Tran	nsportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea			
None of the components are	listed.			
Container class				
None of the components are	listed.			
	_			
JSOH Carcinogen	: Øroup 2B : Not listed			
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed			
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.			
Road law	: Not available.			
16. Other informa	tion			
History				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 April 2024			
Date of previous issue	: 9/2/2022			
Version	: 11			
Prepared by	: EHS			
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Dangerous Goods by Road	0 0		

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

UN = United Nations

by Rail

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

#### Notice to reader

Product name ABC #4 BLACK

### 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.