# SAFETY DATA SHEET

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7



Date of issue/Date of revision 9 April 2024

Version 10.01

### Section 1. Identification

Product code : 00333517
Product name : ABC #4 BLACK

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of identification

Not available.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Coating.; Antifouling products

Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

Company/undertaking

identification

: PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc.

3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines

Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity:

2.6%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal

toxicity: 14.3%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 33.3%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

aquatic environment: 16.3%

#### **GHS** label elements

Philippines Page: 1/14

Product name ABC #4 BLACK

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard pictograms** 









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.

> Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away

from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs; Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

result in classification

**Storage Disposal** 

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS** number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dicopper oxide	25 - <50	1317-39-1
rosin	10 - <20	8050-09-7
zinc oxide	10 - <20	1314-13-2
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	10 - <20	14807-96-6
xylene	10 - <20	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	3 - <5	123-86-4
Oils, pine	1 - <3	8002-09-3
cyclohexanone	1 - <3	108-94-1
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
Propane,1-(Ethenyloxy)-2-Methyl,Polymer with Chloroethane	1 - <3	SUB106666
copper oxide	0.3 - <1	1317-38-0
4-methylpentan-2-one	0.3 - <1	108-10-1

**Philippines** Page: 2/14

**Product name ABC #4 BLACK** 

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

_	copper	0.3 - <1	7440-50-8
	dipentene	0.1 - < 0.3	138-86-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Philippines Page: 3/14

**Product name ABC #4 BLACK** 

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Philippines Page: 4/14

Date of issue 9 April 2024 Version 10.01

Product code 00333517 Product name ABC #4 BLACK

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
proper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Fume]
rosin	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [resin acids as total Resin acids] Skin sensitizer.
zinc oxide	Inhalation sensitizer.  TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).  TLV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume

Page: 5/14 **Philippines** 

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 20 mppf 8 hours. Form: Dust xylene TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Xylene] TLV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). n-butyl acetate TLV: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV: 150 ppm 8 hours. TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). cyclohexanone TLV: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). ethylbenzene TLV-Ceiling: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV-Ceiling: 100 ppm 8 hours. copper oxide ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Fume] TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). 4-methylpentan-2-one TLV: 410 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours. copper TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Dusts and TLV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### **Skin protection**

Philippines Page: 6/14

**Product name ABC #4 BLACK** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Black.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : >37.78°C (>100°F)

point, and boiling range

Flammability
Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.Not available.

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 27.78°C (82°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Ingredient name °C °F Method

public butyl acetate 415 779 EU A.15

**Decomposition temperature** 

pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies) :

MediaResultcold waterNot soluble

Solubility in water

: 2.1 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : 1 kPa (7.5 mm Hg)

**Relative density** : 1.79

Philippines Page: 7/14

**Product name ABC #4 BLACK** 

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Not available.

Relative vapor density

**Particle characteristics** 

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

**Evaporation rate** : 0.62 (butyl acetate = 1)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

**Hazardous polymerization** 

 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
• •	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Oils, pine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.1 g/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Propane,1-(Ethenyloxy) -2-Methyl,Polymer with Chloroethane	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-

Philippines Page: 8/14

**Product name ABC #4 BLACK** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-	
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours	
dipentene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5300 mg/kg	-	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
▼alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
cyclohexanone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

	Philippines	Page: 9/14
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**Product name ABC #4 BLACK** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Oils, pine	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Philippines Page: 10/14

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
<b>Ø</b> ral	1560.43 mg/kg
Dermal	2632.17 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	275431.42 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	66.08 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.02 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
•	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
• •	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
	. 0	Neonate	1
dipentene	LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene 4-methylpentan-2-one	- OECD 301F	79 % - Readily - 10 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<b>x</b> ylene	-	-	Readily
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Philippines	Page: 11/14

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>k</b> sin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
dipentene	4.57	-	High

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

Philippines	Page: 12/14

**Product name ABC #4 BLACK** 

# **Section 14. Transport information**

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user :Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **International regulations**

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

**History** 

Date of issue/Date of : 9 April 2024

revision

Date of previous issue: 9/2/2022Version: 10.01Prepared by: EHS

tey to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader** 

Philippines	Page: 13/14
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### **Section 16. Other information**

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Philippines Page: 14/14