# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 12 April 2024

Version 8

Date of issue 12 April 2024

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN
Product code	: 00371294
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Antifouling products
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.9% (aral) 22.5% (dormal) 20.4% (inhelation)</li> </ul>
	1.9% (oral), 22.5% (dermal), 30.4% (inhalation)

**GHS label elements** 

Product code 00371294 Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>	
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P301 + P312, P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> <li>P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>	
Storage	<ul> <li>P405 - Store locked up.</li> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>	
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.	
See toxicological information (Section 11)		

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#### Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture
Product name

: Mixture : SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN

Other means of identification

: Not applicable.

: Not app

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
dícopper oxide	≥20 - ≤50	1317-39-1
rosin	≥10 - ≤16	8050-09-7
zineb (ISO)	≥5.0 - ≤10	12122-67-7
4-methylpentan-2-one	≥5.0 - ≤10	108-10-1
zinc oxide	≥5.0 - ≤9.3	1314-13-2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-95-6
xylene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1330-20-7
diiron trioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1309-37-1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	95-63-6
3-ethyltoluene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	620-14-4
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14807-96-6
copper oxide	≥1.0 - ≤4.6	1317-38-0
carbon black	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1333-86-4
Terpineol	≥1.0 - ≤4.0	8000-41-7
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute healt	n effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Skin contact : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dícopper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[Copper Fume]
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
rosin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [resin
	acids as total Resin acids] Skin sensitizer
	Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8
	hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
zineb (ISO)	None.
4-methylpentan-2-one	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
51	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
zinc oxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form:
	Respirable fraction
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
xylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
A years	[Xylenes (mixed)]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
diiron trioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
1,2,1 4,111041/10012010	[Trimethyl benzene, mixed isomers]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
3-ethyltoluene	None.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	[Talc (without asbestos fibres)]
	STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form:
	Respirable
copper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[Copper Fume]
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume
carbon black	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
Terpineol	None.
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Key to abbreviation	
C = Ceiling Limit	STEL = Short term exposure limit

\_ \_\_\_\_

= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

IPEL

STEL = Short term exposure limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	es	
Hygiene measures		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Brown.
Odor	: Aromatic. [Slight]
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
рН	Not applicable.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

-		
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature		Not available.
Flammability	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	4	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.74
Density(lbs / gal)	:	14.52
		Media Result
Solubility(ies)	÷	cold water Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	1	¥7% (v/v), 22.753% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	:	77.247

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

### Product code 00371294

#### Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
2.1	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Terpineol	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Terpineol	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary Skin

- Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
  - : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
zineb (ISO) Terpineol	skin skin	Guinea pig Guinea pig	Sensitizing Sensitizing		
Conclusion/Summary	•	•	•		
Skin	: zineb (ISO): W	eakly positive.			
Respiratory	: There are no d	ata available on the mixture itse	lf.		
<b>Mutagenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no d	ata available on the mixture itse	lf.		
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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
zíneb (ISO)	-	3	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
carbon black	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
zineb (ISO)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

**Aspiration hazard** 

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Name		Result		
4-methylpentan-2-one Solvent naphtha (petroleu xylene 3-ethyltoluene Terpineol ethylbenzene	m), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
nformation on the likely r	outes of exposure			
<u>Potential acute health eff</u>	<u>ects</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.			
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause i	respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with May cause an allergic skin read	skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. tion.		
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.			
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	<u>iptoms</u>			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include pain watering redness	e the following:		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur	redness dryness cracking		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include stomach pains	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
<u>Delayed and immediate e</u>	ffects and also chronic effects from	short and long term exposure		
Conclusion/Summary	material in many liquid coating fe are bound in a matrix with no me particles of carbon black when th the coating surface or mist from duration and level of exposure a equipment and/or engineering co trace quantities of polyaromatic released in biological fluids and Exposure to component solvent occupational exposure limit may membrane and respiratory syste and central nervous system. Sy fatigue, muscular weakness, dro consciousness. Solvents may co through the skin. There is some vapors in combination with cons expected from exposure to noise cause irritation and reversible da vomiting. This takes into account	he mixture itself. Carbon black is utilized as a raw brmulations. In this case, the carbon black particles eaningful potential for human exposure to unbound he product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding spray applications may be harmful depending on the nd require the use of appropriate personal protective ontrols (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be are therefore not likely available for biological activity vapor concentrations in excess of the stated result in adverse health effects such as mucous em irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver mptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, owsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of ause some of the above effects by absorption e evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent tant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than e alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may amage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and nt, where known, delayed and immediate effects and nts from short-term and long-term exposure by oral,		

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>è</u>
General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN	1221.2	3272.7	N/A	54.9	3.4
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
zineb (ISO)	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
copper oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Terpineol	4300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dícopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	•	Fish	96 hours
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	•	Mexico	Page: 12/1

Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	83 % - Readily - 28 da 79 % - Readily - 10 da		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	e P	hotolysis	Biodegradability
✓methylpentan-2-one xylene ethylbenzene	- -			Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>F</b> osin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	Low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
Terpineol	2.6	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Product name SIGMA SAILADVANCE GX BROWN

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional info	rmation
Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

# **Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### <u>Mexico</u>

Classification Flammability : 3 Health : 3 Reactivity : 1

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 1 (\*) - Chronic

effects

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	: 9/25/2023
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.