# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMARINE 48 BLACK 8000



# Date of issue 13 April 2024

Version 1

1. Product and company identification			
Product name	: SIGMARINE 48 BLACK 8000		
Product code	: 000001201857		
Other means of identification	: 00476955		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777		
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777		

# 2. Hazards identification

	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
Signal word	: Danger
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
	Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Product code 000001201857	Date of issue 13 April 2024 Version 1		
Product name SIGMARINE 48 BLACK 8000			
2. Hazards identification			
	nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs) Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.		
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.		

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

# **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	25 - <50	64742-82-1	Not available.
n-Nonane	1 - <2	111-84-2	2-9
carbon black	1 - <2	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and	0.5 - <1	7631-86-9	1-548
amorphous			
Xylene	0.2 - <0.5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Butan-2-one oxime	0.2 - <0.5	96-29-7	2-546
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.1 - <0.2	108-67-8	3-3427; 3-7
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0.1 - <0.2	22464-99-9	2-615
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	0.1 - <0.2	136-52-7	2-615
Isopropyl alcohol	0.1 - <0.2	67-63-0	2-207

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

# Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/	effec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation		Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	ptom	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	1	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	<u>dica</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

# 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : St

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a handling history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

### Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
n-Nonane		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 200 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Yulana		OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
Xylene		6/2020). [xylene]
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
•		(Japan, 9/2022).
		OEL-M: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022). [Cobalt and compounds
		without tungsten carbide, (as Co)] Skin
		sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
Les and the Les Les L		OEL-M: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022). OEL-C: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		OEL-C: 400 ppm
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,
		6/2020).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Pacammandad manitaring	: Poforonco should be made to ann	ropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		nethods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to ke below any recommended or statut	. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation ep worker exposure to airborne contaminants ory limits. The engineering controls also need to tions below any lower explosive limits. Use ent.
controls	or other engineering controls to ke below any recommended or statut keep gas, vapor or dust concentra explosion-proof ventilation equipm	ep worker exposure to airborne contaminants ory limits. The engineering controls also need to tions below any lower explosive limits. Use ent.
	or other engineering controls to ke below any recommended or statut keep gas, vapor or dust concentra explosion-proof ventilation equipm : Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements	ep worker exposure to airborne contaminants ory limits. The engineering controls also need to tions below any lower explosive limits. Use ent. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process equipment
controls Environmental exposure controls	or other engineering controls to ke below any recommended or statut keep gas, vapor or dust concentra explosion-proof ventilation equipm : Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or el will be necessary to reduce emissi	ep worker exposure to airborne contaminants ory limits. The engineering controls also need to tions below any lower explosive limits. Use ent. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process equipment
controls Environmental exposure controls <u>ndividual protection measu</u>	or other engineering controls to ke below any recommended or statute keep gas, vapor or dust concentral explosion-proof ventilation equipm : Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or ei- will be necessary to reduce emissi ures : Wash hands, forearms and face th eating, smoking and using the lava Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing should	ep worker exposure to airborne contaminants ory limits. The engineering controls also need to tions below any lower explosive limits. Use ent. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process equipment ons to acceptable levels.
controls Environmental exposure controls <u>ndividual protection measu</u> lygiene measures	<ul> <li>or other engineering controls to ke below any recommended or statute keep gas, vapor or dust concentral explosion-proof ventilation equipm</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or enwill be necessary to reduce emission</li> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face the eating, smoking and using the lava Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing should contaminated clothing before reusing showers are close to the workstation</li> </ul>	ep worker exposure to airborne contaminants ory limits. The engineering controls also need to tions below any lower explosive limits. Use ent. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process equipment ons to acceptable levels.
controls Environmental exposure	or other engineering controls to ke below any recommended or statut keep gas, vapor or dust concentral explosion-proof ventilation equipm : Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or el will be necessary to reduce emissi ures : Wash hands, forearms and face th eating, smoking and using the lava Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing should contaminated clothing before reusi	ep worker exposure to airborne contaminants ory limits. The engineering controls also need to tions below any lower explosive limits. Use ent. process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process equipment ons to acceptable levels.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•• ===== ••••	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Black.		
Odor	: Aromatic. [Slight]		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)		
Relative density	: 0.99		
Colubility/ico)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mn	ו)	

10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
	Japan Page: 7/15	

# Troduct name of omarine 40 beach 0000

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
hydrodesulfurized heavy				
n-Nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Silica silicon dioxide	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
containing crystalline and				
amorphous				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Butan-2-one oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
zirconium salt				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
., .	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-

# Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

# **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# **11. Toxicological information**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Nonane	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 3		Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), systemic toxicity
	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
carbon black	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system,
Butan-2-one oxime	Category 1	-	respiratory organs haematopoietic system
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 1 Category 2	-	blood system liver, respiratory organs, spleen

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
n-Nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Japan

Information on the likely

Potential acute health effects

routes of exposure

Eye contact

11. Toxicological information

: Not available.

	Japan Page: 10/15
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.</li> <li>Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> <li>May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or
Potential chronic health eff	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Short term exposure	
Delayed and immediate offer	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight
	irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	<ul> <li>reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following:</li> </ul>
	wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>No specific data.</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following:</li> </ul>
	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Eye contact	

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 11. Toxicological information

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

# Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMARINE 48 BLACK 8000	N/A	3440.2	N/A	141.0	N/A
n-Nonane	N/A	N/A	N/A	16.79	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Butan-2-one oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	3129	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isopropyl alcohol	5045	12800	N/A	72.6	N/A

### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# **12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Nonane	5.65	-	High
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Butan-2-one oxime	0.63	5.01	Low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3.42	186.21	Low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	Low

Japan Page: 11/15

# 12. Ecological information

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant e

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# 14. Transport information

-			
	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Not applicable.

# Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2.
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

# 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# 15. Regulatory information

### **Fire Service Law**

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Nonane	2.0	Class 2	791
Trimethylbenzene	1.1	Class 1	691

# **Industrial Safety and Health Act**

# Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

# Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	330
Nonane	≤10	Listed	432
Carbon black	≤10	Listed	130
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Cobalt and its compounds	≤10	Listed	172

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≥30 - ≤40	Listed	330
Nonane	≤10	Listed	432
Carbon black	≤10	Listed	130
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Cobalt and its compounds	≤10	Listed	172
Propyl alcohol	≤10	Listed	494

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

# **Mutagen**

None of the components are listed.

# 15. Regulatory information

Corrosive liquid: Not listedOccupational Safety and Health Law: InflammableRegulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning: Not listedHarmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing: Not listedHarmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing: Not listedISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances: InflammableLead regulation Organic solvents poisoning prevention: Not listed	• •		
Health LawRegulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning: Not listedHarmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing: Not listedHarmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing: Not listedISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances: InflammableLead regulation Organic solvents: Not listed	Corrosive liquid	: Not listed	
Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead PoisoningNot listedHarmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing: Not listedHarmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing: Not listedISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances: InflammableLead regulation Organic solvents: Not listed		: Inflammable	
Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing.Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing: Not listedISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances: InflammableLead regulation Organic solvents: Not listed	Prevention of Tetraalkyl	: Not listed	
Prohibited for ManufacturingISHL Enforcement Order: InflammableISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances: InflammableLead regulation Organic solvents: Not listed	Subject to Obtaining Permission for	: Not listed	
Appendix 1 - Dangerous SubstancesLead regulation: Not listedOrganic solvents: Not applicable.	Prohibited for	: Not listed	
<b>Organic solvents</b> : Not applicable.	Appendix 1 - Dangerous	: Inflammable	
•	Lead regulation	: Not listed	
	-	: Not applicable	÷.

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	≤10	Priority assessment	125
Butan-2-one oxime	≤10	Priority assessment	262
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	201
Isopropyl alcohol	≤10	Priority assessment	102
Cumene	≤10	Priority assessment	126
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
2-Butoxyethanol	≤10	Priority assessment	109
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available.

# Law

### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

### Maritime Safety Law

### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

**JSOH Carcinogen** 

: Group 2B

# 15. Regulatory information

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List of Specially Controlled	: Not listed
Industrial Waste	
Japan inventory	: Not determined.
Road law	: Not available.

# 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 13 April 2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.