SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision : 1.06 : 15 April 2024 Version

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

: 000001199135 **Product code**

Other means of identification

00473610

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

: Coating.

mixture

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG AC - France Freitag Immeuble Union Square 1, Rue de l'Union

CS10055

92565 RUEIL MALMAISON CEDEX

France

Tel: +33(0)1.57.61.03.20 Fax: +33(0)1.57.61.01.70

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Numéro de téléphone d'appel d'urgence : 01 45 42 59 59 (Association ORFILA, organisme agréé prévu au 4ème alinéa de l'article L231-7 du code du travail)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT RE 2, H373** Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

> **France** 1/20 English (GB)

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to

the environment. Do not breathe vapour.

Response : Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P260, P314, P501

Hazardous ingredients: Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

English (GB) France 2/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

English (GB)

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
o-xylene	REACH #: 01-2119485822-30 EC: 202-422-2 CAS: 95-47-6 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥5.0 - ≤9.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
butanone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43 EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%	[1]
isobutyl acetate	EC: 203-745-1 CAS: 110-19-0 Index: 607-026-00-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)	-	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤4.6	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
Octadecanoic acid,	REACH #:	≤0.30	Skin Sens. 1B, H317	-	[1]

France

3/20

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 00000119 FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO		Date of issue/Date of revision	: 15 April 2024	
SECTION 3: Com	position/informati	ion on ingredients		
12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	01-2119979085-27 EC: 309-629-8 CAS: 100545-48-0	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
		See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

English (GB) France 4/20

Code : 000001199135 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 April 2024

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

: No specific treatment. **Specific treatments**

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

France 5/20 English (GB)

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

English (GB) France 6/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
o-xylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
•	STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers,
•	pure] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
butanone	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
isobutyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022).
•	STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 micro	
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
,	STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 88.4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: Risk for sensitisation

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
o-xylene	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Oral Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	2.5 mg/kg bw/day 65.3 mg/m³ 65.3 mg/m³ 125 mg/kg bw/day 212 mg/kg bw/day 221 mg/m³ 221 mg/m³ 260 mg/m³	Workers	Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Systemic

English (GB) France 7/20

Code : 000001199135

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 15 April 2024

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

-	ection 6. Exposure	COIIL	ois/personal pro	lection		
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	xylene	DNEL				Systemic
	xylerie		Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	butanone	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	butanone	DNEL				
			Long term Inhalation	106 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	450 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	900 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12.25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	phenyl]propane		_	_		-
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.33 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.33 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.571 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
		DIVLL	Long torm Bornia	o.or i mg/kg zw/day	population	Cyclonia
					[Consumers]	
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.571 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
		DIVLL	Chort term Berman	5.57 Tilig/kg bw/day	population	Cysternic
		DNEL	Long torm Oral	0.75 malka bulday	[Consumers] General	Cyatamia
		DINEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day		Systemic
					population	
		- · · - ·			[Consumers]	
		DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
					population	
					[Consumers]	_
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	89.3 μg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.87 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4.93 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	isobutyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	-	DNEL	Short term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
		DNEL		· ·		
			Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

English (GB) France 8/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

ethylbenzene	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
Octadecanoic acid,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.055 mg/m ³	General population	Local
12-hydroxy-, reaction			· ·		
products with					
ethylenediamine					
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.308 mg/m³	Workers	Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
o-xylene	-	Fresh water	0.25 mg/l	-
,	-	Sediment	14.33 mg/kg	-
	-	Soil	2.41 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	5 mg/l	-
xylene	-	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
butanone	-	Fresh water	55.8 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Marine water	55.8 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	709 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Fresh water sediment	284.74 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	284.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	22.5 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane	-	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.1 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	0.196 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Secondary Poisoning	11 mg/kg	Assessment Factors
ethylbenzene	-	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

English (GB)	France	9/20
Liigiisii (OD)	i idilee	3/ L U

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Yellow.

Odour : Aromatic. [Slight]
Odour threshold : Not available.

English (GB) France 10/20

Code : 000001199135 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 April 2024

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: 8 to 12°C (46.4 to 53.6°F) This is

based on data for the following ingredient: bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane.

Weighted average: -60.63°C (-77.1°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

: Not available.

Flammability

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 11.5% (butanone)

Closed cup: 21°C Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
butanone	404	759.2	

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Decomposition temperature

Hq

Not applicable.

: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Viscosity : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
butanone	78.7564	10.5				

: Highest known value: 1.5 (isobutyl acetate) Weighted average: 0.78compared with **Evaporation rate**

butyl acetate

Relative density : 1.42

: Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane). Vapour density

Weighted average: 4.49 (Air = 1)

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties**

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

English (GB) **France** 11/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 <u>Acute toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
o-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	27124 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<=1100)<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
isobutyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	5.05 mg/l	4 hours
products with ethylenediamine	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Dermal Inhalation (vapours)	6830.74 mg/kg 53.52 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

English (GB)	France	12/20
English (OD)	i iulioc	12/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4 0.5 0.8	24 hours 500 mg 24 hours 24 hours 4 hours 4 hours 4 hours	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory
There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine		Mouse Guinea pig	Sensitising Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
o-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
butanone	Category 3		Narcotic effects

crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)

Category 1 inhalation

ethylbenzene Category 2 - hearing organs

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

English (GB) France 13/20

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 000001199135 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 April 2024

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or General

> repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

France 14/20 English (GB)

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
o-xylene ethylbenzene Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	OECD 301F - 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	94 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days 22 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
o-xylene	-	-	Readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	-	-	Inherent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
o-xylene	3.12	14.13	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
butanone	0.3	-	Low
isobutyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	>5.86	-	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

English (GB) France 15/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

English (GB) France 16/20

Code : 000001199135 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 April 2024

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID : None identified.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank

vessels.

IMDG : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in

bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

English (GB) **France** 17/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P5c

National regulations

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : o-xylene RG 4bis, RG 84 [1] xylene RG 4bis, RG 84 [1]

Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100) RG 51 butanone RG 84 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis RG 51 (4 1-phenyleneoxymethylene)lhisoxirane

(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane

isobutyl acetate RG 84
Quartz (SiO2) RG 25
ethylbenzene RG 84
Surveillance médicale spéciale selon l'arrêté du 11 juillet 1977:

[1] Benzène et homologues

Reinforced medical surveillance

References

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Reinforced medical surveillance; Decree no. 2001-97 of 1 February 2001 establishing specific rules for the prevention of risks from carcinogens, mutagens and reprotoxics and amending the Labour code; Decree no. 2003-1254 of 23 December 2003 relating to prevention of chemical risks and amending the Labour code; Decree no. 2004-187 of 26 February 2004 on the placing on the market of biocidal products; Decree no. 88-1231 of 29/12/1988 relating to poisonous preparations and substances.; Decree no. 95-517 of 15 May 1997, relating to the classification of dangerous waste.; Labour code article: R231-53; Labour code: Occupational air (ventilation, air purification): Art. R 232-5 to R 232-5-14; Labour code: Prevention of chemical risk: Art.R231-51 and R 231-54 to R 231-54-9; Labour code: Prevention of fires: Art.R232-12-13 to R 232-12-29 and R 233-30; Labour code: provisions applicable to women: Art. L 234-3 to L 236-6; Labour code: provisions applicable to young workers: Art. L 234-3 to L 236-6; Art: R234-16 ; Labour code: Sanitary installations: Art. R 232-2 à R 232-2-7 ; Law 76-663 of 19 July 1976 amending and implementing decree of 21 September 1977 relating to classified installations for the protection of the environment; Tables of anticipated professional diseases according to article R461-3 of the labour code

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

English (GB) France 18/20

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 16: Other information

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

11005	TP-14-0
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
	Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
	Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 3
	" ,

History

Date of issue/ Date of : 15 April 2024

revision

Date of previous issue : 15 March 2024

Prepared by : EHS Version : 1.06

English (GB) France 19/20

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

FREITAPOX SR 213 EVO BASE PALE YELLOW

SECTION 16: Other information

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (GB) France 20/20