SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 18 April 2024 Version 7.01

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005	
Product code	: 00297397	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 32.1% (dermal), 74.3% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Product name	

: Mixture

: SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
barium sulfate	≥20 - ≤50	7727-43-7
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and	≥20 - ≤50	37237-99-3
2-propenoic acid		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ≥5.0 - ≤10		64742-95-6
ethylbenzene	≥5.0 - ≤7.7	100-41-4
n-butyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤7.4	123-86-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.7	95-63-6
	United	States Page: 2/17

Version 7.01

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

xylene	≥1.0 - ≤4.2	1330-20-7
carbon black	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1333-86-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	41556-26-7
cumene	<1.0	98-82-8

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact Ingestion	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

United States Page: 4/17

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put
For emergency responders	:	on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment

plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions Advice on general occupational hygiene	 Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl	None.
2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-	
2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Butyl
	acetates all isomers]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1.2.4 trimethylbonzone	• •
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	United States Page: 6/17

Version 7.01

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-
		xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
carbon black		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
		fraction
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-	piperidyl) sebacate	None.
cumene	1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		·
A = Acceptable Maximum Pe	Key to abbreviations	S = Potential skin absorption
•	f Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit		SS = Skin sensitization
F = Fume		STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exp		TD = Total dust
OSHA = Occupational Safety and	I Health Administration.	TLV = Threshold Limit Value
R = Respirable $Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120$	00 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances	TWA = Time Weighted Average
onsult local authorities for	acceptable exposure limits.	
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring	acceptable exposure limits. : Reference should be made to appr	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national
onsult local authorities for	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f 	
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring	acceptable exposure limits. : Reference should be made to appr	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national or the determination of hazardous substances will
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national or the determination of hazardous substances will
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national or the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national or the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national or the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national for the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any The engineering controls also need to keep gas,
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T vapor or dust concentrations below ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national for the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any The engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof process equipment should be checked to ensure
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures ppropriate engineering ontrols	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T vapor or dust concentrations below ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national for the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any The engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures ppropriate engineering ontrols	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T vapor or dust concentrations below ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national for the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any The engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof process equipment should be checked to ensure
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures ppropriate engineering ontrols	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T vapor or dust concentrations below ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national for the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any The engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some agineering modifications to the process equipment
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures ppropriate engineering ontrols	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T vapor or dust concentrations below ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en will be necessary to reduce emission 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national for the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any The engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some agineering modifications to the process equipment
onsult local authorities for a Recommended monitoring procedures ppropriate engineering ontrols	 acceptable exposure limits. Reference should be made to appr guidance documents for methods f also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. other engineering controls to keep recommended or statutory limits. T vapor or dust concentrations below ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or en will be necessary to reduce emission 	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to national for the determination of hazardous substances will Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any The engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some agineering modifications to the process equipment

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Black.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.39
Density(lbs / gal)	: 11.6

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

• • • • • • • •	Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104	4°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: <mark>5</mark> ∕2% (v/v), 32.78% (w	v/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 67.22	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
0	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
			United States	Page: 9/17

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 11. Toxicological information

LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRat	LC50 Inhalation VaporRat2000 ppmLD50 DermalRabbit>17600 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10.768 g/kgLC50 Inhalation VaporRat18000 mg/m³LD50 OralRat5 g/kgLD50 DermalRat5 g/kgLD50 OralRat4.3 g/kgLD50 OralRat>10 g/kgLD50 OralRat3.125 g/kgLD50 OralRat39000 mg/m³LD50 OralRat39000 mg/m³

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
· · · · ·	

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing	

<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Classification	

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
xylene carbon black	-	3 2B	-
cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic n-butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Result
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

United States	Page: 11/17
	i agoi i n n

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>ioms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
	dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005	28191.4	3364.0	N/A	26.9	2.6
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test Result			Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate		79 % - Readily - 10 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
ethylbenzene n-butyl acetate xylene	-		- Readily - Readily - Readily Readily			

Bioaccumulative potential

United States Page: 13/17
United States Page: 13/1

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

```
Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal

of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the

requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any

regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products

via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to

the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere

inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been

cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact

with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
```

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
JN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Fransport hazard class es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	2630	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, ethylbenzene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

14. Transport information

United States Page: 14/17

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

14. Transport information

Additional information

DOT : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
 IMDG : None identified.
 IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : At least one component is inactive.

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl- 2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	≥20 - ≤50	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥5.0 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
ethylbenzene	≥5.0 - ≤7.7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		United States Page: 15/17

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 15. Regulatory information

	-	
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
n-butyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤7.4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
xylene	≥1.0 - ≤4.2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
,		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
carbon black	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	<1.0	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
4-piperidyl) sebacate		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
cumene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant

SARA 313

Supplier notification	 Chemical name ethylbenzene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene xvlene 	<u>CAS number</u> 100-41-4 95-63-6 1330-20-7	<u>Concentration</u> 3 - 7 3 - 7 1 - 5
	cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Product name SIGMADUR 550 BASE RAL 9005

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flamma	ability : 3 Instability : 0
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2024
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.