SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 19 April 2024

Version

: 1



SECTION 1: Identifie	cation of the substance/mixture and of the company/
undertaking	
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY
Product code	: 00383416
Other means of identificat Not available.	ion
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier o	f the safety data sheet
Sigma Coatings PTY 9 Arnold Street, Alrode, Alberton, Gauteng South Africa Tel: 0027 11 389 4800	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: +27 51 444 2134

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture <u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

English (GB)

Code : 00383416	Date of issue/Date of revision : 19 April 2024
SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GR	EY
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P280, P210, P273, P391, P305 + P351 + P338, P501
Hazardous ingredients	 bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane nonylphenol Epoxy Resin (700<mw<=1100) Phenol, methylstyrenated 1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene</mw<=1100)
Supplemental label elements	: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to Section 3.2.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
	May cause endocrine disruption.

Code : 00383416 SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY Date of issue/Date of revision

: 19 April 2024

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		[1]
nonylphenol	EC: 246-672-0 CAS: 25154-52-3 Index: 601-053-00-8	≥1.0 - <5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 580 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [4]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	REACH #: 01-2119555274-38 EC: 270-966-8 CAS: 68512-30-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1] [3]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	EC: 202-465-7 CAS: 95-93-2	≥1.0 - ≤3.8	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1]
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy- octadecamide-N- methylene]-benzene	REACH #: 01-2119962189-26 CAS: 911674-82-3 Index: 616-198-00-2	<1.0	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1] [2]
p-nonylphenol	EC: 203-199-4 CAS: 104-40-5	≤0.10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	ATE [Oral] = 1620 mg/ kg	[1] [4]
		English	(GB) South	Africa	3/18

Code	: 00383416	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19 April 2024
SIGMACO	VER 380 BASE GREY		
SECTIO	CTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
		Evo Dom 1 H218 M [A	cutol = 10

Eye Dam. 1, H318 M [Acute] = 10
Repr. 2, H361 M [Chronic] = 10
Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
See Section 16 for
the full text of the H
statements declared
above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance of equivalent concern

This mixture contains \geq 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

an Booonption of mot ala h	
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

Code : 00383416	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19 April 2024
SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY		

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fi	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Code : 00383416

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19

: 19 April 2024

SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and

place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other
sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

 Protective measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in wh this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoexposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not er storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the orig container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can hazardous. Do not reuse container. 	ich d ead or ter nal other
---	--

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 190	07/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as	amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
2020/878		

Code	: 00383416	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19 April 2024
SIGMACOV	ER 380 BASE GREY		

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

	5 5
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).
-	TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
ethylbenzene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
-	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). [xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed
	isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). [aluminium metal and insoluble
	compounds as Al]
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Mica-group minerals	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).
	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
barium sulfate	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

Biological exposure indices

Code : 00383416	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19 April 2024
SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY		

ethybenzene DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (in unine). Samping fune: end of shift. xylene DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyhilpputc acid [in unine]. Samping fune: end of shift. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European strategy (European Standard EN 4042 (Workplace atmospheres - Cuide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to biological agents). European Standard EN 4402 (Workplace atmospheres - Cuide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to alborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or tube compatibility and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate engineering Hyglene measures : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation outper engineering controls to keep worker exposure to alborne contaminants below any recommended work doting galaxies. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work doting period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated exhibition inclusion. Eyeoface protection : Chemical agash goggles and face shield. Skin prot	Product/ingredier	nt name	Ex	posure indices	
BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methythippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 889 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhaliton to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls - Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is not engineering gontrols to keep worker exposure to aitorne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control salso need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughy after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash station sand safety showes are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Skin protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Skin protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be noted that the time is breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufac	ethylbenzene		BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, su	im of mandelic acid and phenyl	glyoxylic
proceduresStandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guida comparison with limit values and measurement of the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.8.2 Exposure controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to althorne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughy after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work folloning should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worm at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameter specified by	xylene		BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, me		pling time:
Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control salo need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eyelface protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brife contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 0 ingher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes accound the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk as		Standard EN 689 by inhalation to c strategy) Europe application and u biological agents requirements for agents) Referen	 Workplace atmospheres - (hemical agents for compariso ean Standard EN 14042 (Work use of procedures for the asset) European Standard EN 482 the performance of procedur ce to national guidance documents 	Guidance for the assessment o on with limit values and measur kplace atmospheres - Guide fo essment of exposure to chemic 2 (Workplace atmospheres - Ge es for the measurement of che ments for methods for the deter	f exposure ement or the al and eneral mical
Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control salo need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eyelface protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brife contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 0 ingher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes accound the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk as	8.2 Exposure controls				
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.: Chemical splash goggles and face shield worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves: butly rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection	Appropriate engineering	other engineering recommended of vapour or dust co	g controls to keep worker exp r statutory limits. The engine oncentrations below any lowe	osure to airborne contaminants ering controls also need to keep	s below any p gas,
 eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worm at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and	Individual protection measured	es des			
Skin protectionHand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes accound to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves: butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate tech Contaminated w contaminated clo	and using the lavatory and at niques should be used to rem ork clothing should not be allo othing before reusing. Ensure	the end of the working period. hove potentially contaminated clowed out of the workplace. Was	lothing. sh
Worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves:butyl rubberBody protection:Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.Other skin protectionAppropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		: Chemical splash	goggles and face shield.		
 Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 	Hand protection	worn at all times necessary. Cons during use that th noted that the tin glove manufactu protection time o frequently repeat (breakthrough tir When only brief o (breakthrough tir The user must of product is the mo	when handling chemical prod sidering the parameters speci- ne gloves are still retaining the ne to breakthrough for any glo rers. In the case of mixtures, f the gloves cannot be accura- red contact may occur, a glove ne greater than 480 minutes ac- contact is expected, a glove w ne greater than 30 minutes ac- neck that the final choice of ty post appropriate and takes into	lucts if a risk assessment indica fied by the glove manufacturer, eir protective properties. It show ove material may be different fo consisting of several substance ately estimated. When prolonge e with a protection class of 6 according to EN 374) is recommender with a protection class of 2 or his coording to EN 374) is recommender pe of glove selected for handlir	ates this is , check uld be or different es, the ed or mended. gher ended. ng this
Other skin protectionperformed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.Other skin protectionAppropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	Gloves	: butyl rubber			
based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	Body protection	performed and th handling this pro- static protective of should include an 1149 for further i	ne risks involved and should b duct. When there is a risk of clothing. For the greatest pro nti-static overalls, boots and g nformation on material and de	be approved by a specialist befor ignition from static electricity, w tection from static discharges, o loves. Refer to European Stan esign requirements and test me	ore vear anti- clothing idard EN ethods.
English (GB) South Africa 8/18	Other skin protection	based on the tas	k being performed and the ris		
			English (GB)	South Africa	8/18

	00383416 380 BASE GREY	Date of issue/Date of revision : 19 April 2024
Respiratory p	protection :	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmenta controls	al exposure :	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>								
Physical state	:	Liquid.						
Colour	:	Grey.						
Odour	:	Characteristic.						
Odour threshold	:	Not available.						
Melting point/freezing point	-	May start to solidify a based on data for th Weighted average: -	e following	ingred	ient: bis-[4-(2,3			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	1	>37.78°C						
Flammability	:	Not available.						
Jpper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known rang	ge: Lower:	1.7% l	Jpper: 10.9%	(2-methy	Ipropan-1	-ol)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 38.4°C						
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
				370	698			
		nonylphenol		370	090			
H	:	Stable under recominion Not applicable. insol	uble in wat	orage a		onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
oH /iscosity		Stable under recom	uble in wat	orage a		onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
oH /iscosity Solubility(ies)		Stable under recom Not applicable. insol Kinematic (40°C): >	uble in wat	orage a		onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
oH /iscosity Solubility(ies) Media	: : :	Stable under recomi Not applicable. insol Kinematic (40°C): > Result	uble in wat	orage a		onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
oH Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water	:	Stable under recominion Not applicable. insolution Kinematic (40°C): > Result Not soluble	uble in wat	orage a		onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
oH Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octano	:	Stable under recominion Not applicable. insolution Kinematic (40°C): > Result Not soluble	uble in wat	orage a		onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
pH Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octano water	:	Stable under recomine Not applicable. insolution (40°C): >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >:	uble in wat 21 mm²/s	orage a ter.				
oH Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octano water	:	Stable under recominion Not applicable. insolution Kinematic (40°C): > Result Not soluble	uble in wat 21 mm²/s	orage a ter.	nd handling co			
pH Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octano water	:	Stable under recomine Not applicable. insolution (40°C): >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >: >:	uble in wat 21 mm²/s Vapou	orage a ter. Ir Press kPa	nd handling co	Vap	our press	sure at 50°C
oH Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol water Vapour pressure	: : ! !/ : :	Stable under recomine Not applicable. insolution Kinematic (40°C): > Result Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name	Vapou mm Hg	orage a ter. Ir Press kPa <1.6	nd handling co sure at 20°C Method DIN EN 13016-2	Vap mm Hg	our press kPa	sure at 50°C Method
	::	Stable under recomine Not applicable. insolution (40°C): >2 Result Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name 2-methylpropan-1-ol Highest known value	Vapou mm Hg	orage a ter. Ir Press kPa <1.6	nd handling co sure at 20°C Method DIN EN 13016-2	Vap mm Hg	our press kPa	sure at 50°C Method

Code : 0038	3416	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19 April 2024
SIGMACOVER 380 E	ASE GREY		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density	 Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane). Weighted average: 7.72 (Air = 1)
Explosive properties	 The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.
Oxidising properties	: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
nonylphenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	580 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<=1100)<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6700 mg/kg	-
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and	mists			
	English (GB)	South	n Africa	10/18

Code : 0038341		Date of issue/Date of revision	÷	19 April 2024
SIGMACOVER 380 BAS	E GREY			
SECTION 11: To	xicological information			

Rat

1620 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

p-nonylphenol

1,3-phenylenedimethanamine

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit Rabbit	- 0.4	24 hours 24 hours	-
	Skin - Oedema Skin - Erythema/Eschar Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	0.5 0.8 -	4 hours 4 hours 4 hours	- -
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

LD50 Oral

Skin Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name Target organs Category **Route of** exposure xylene Category 3 Respiratory tract irritation -2-methylpropan-1-ol Category 3 _ Respiratory tract irritation Category 3 Narcotic effects 1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene Category 3 Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

English (GB)

Code : 00383416	Date of issue/Date of revision : 19 April 2024
SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GRE	ΞΥ
SECTION 11: Toxicol	ogical information
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/c dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Other information	: Not available.

Code : 00383416

SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 19 April 2024

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia</i> <i>magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
nonylphenol	Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
p-nonylphenol	Acute EC50 134.1 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Phaeodactylum</i> <i>tricornutum</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 73.8 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Phaeodactylum</i> <i>tricornutum</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 da	ys -	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are r	o data available on the mixtu	re itself.	
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phen ethylbenzene xylene	yl]propane			Not readily Readily Readily

English (GB)

Code: 00383416Date of issue/Date of revision: 19 April 2024SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
nonylphenol	3.28	154.88	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	4	-	High
p-nonylphenol	5.76	380.19	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
nonylphenol	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
ethylbenzene	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Phenol, methylstyrenated	No	N/A	N/A	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
2-methylpropan-1-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy- octadecamide-N-methylene]- benzene	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
p-nonylphenol	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

English (GB)	South Africa	14/18

Code : 00383416

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 19 April 2024

SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Hazardous waste	: Yes.		
European waste catalogue (EWC)			
Waste code	Waste designation		
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
ackaging			
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)		
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways drains and sewers.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш		III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	Not applicable.

Additional information

			English (GB)	South Africa	15/18
14.7 Transport in according to IM0 instruments		: Not applicable.			
14.6 Special pre- user	cautions for	•	ire. Ensure that persons	ays transport in closed containe transporting the product know	
ΙΑΤΑ	: The enviro regulations	•	us substance mark may a	appear if required by other tran	sportation
IMDG		•	• •	orted in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	
Tunnel code	: (D/E)				
ADR/RID	: The enviro ≤5 kg.	onmentally hazardou	us substance mark is not	required when transported in s	sizes of ≤5 L or

Code : 00383416 Date of issue/Date of revision : 19 April 2024 SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
vPvB	Oligomerisation and alkylation reaction products of 2-phenylpropene and phenol	Candidate	D(2023) 8585-DC	1/23/2024
Substance of equivalent concern for environment	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	Candidate	ED/169/2012	4/19/2013
Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof	Candidate	ED/169/2012	12/19/2012
	4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof	Candidate	ED/169/2012	12/19/2012

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain

dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148. All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

Code: 00383416Date of issue/Date of revision: 19 April 2024SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that	has changed from previously issued version.		
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number 		
Full text of abbreviated H statements	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. 		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1B Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens 1 Skin Sens 1 Skin Sens 2 Specific TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 Sens 2 Specific TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 Sens 2 Acute 2 Specific TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 Sens 2 Sens 2 Short Sens 3 Specific TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 Sens 2 Specific TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -		
<u>History</u>			
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 19 April 2024		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation		
Prepared by	: EHS		
Version	: 1		
<u>Disclaimer</u>			

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 19 April 2024

Code : 00383416

SIGMACOVER 380 BASE GREY

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.