SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue : 8 November 2021

Version : 3

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: EPO-G55/4L
Product name	: EPOTEC G55 GREY-GREEN
Product type	: Liquid.
Recommended use and res	<u>strictions</u>
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG INDUSTRIES NEW ZEALAND LTD 5 MONAHAN ROAD, MT WELLINGTON, AUCKLAND www.ppgnz.co.nz Telephone Numbers: 09 573 1620, 0800 659378 021 940 920 (24 Hours)
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	 New Zealand 0800 000 096 (24 hours) / Australia 1800 883 254 (24 hours) For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ehsnz@ppg.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Symbol	
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: Danger



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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: H ighly flammable liquid and vapour.	
	Causes skin irritation.	
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
	Causes serious eye irritation.	
	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
	Suspected of causing cancer.	
	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
	May cause damage to organs.	
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Notice 2017.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers Product code : EPO-G55/4L Hazardous ingredients % **CAS** number Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100) 10 - <30 25036-25-3 xylene 10 - <30 1330-20-7 2-butoxyethanol 1 - <10 111-76-2 trizinc bis(orthophosphate) 1 - <10 7779-90-0 butanone 1 - <10 78-93-3 ethylbenzene 1 - <10 100-41-4 Urea, polymer with formaldehyde 9011-05-6 <1 propylidynetrimethanol <1 77-99-6 zinc oxide <1 1314-13-2

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Product name EPOTEC G55 GREY-GREEN

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	<u>y first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptor	ns/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Specific treatments	: Not available.

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	Jse dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Not suitable	Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Fighly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: arbon oxides ulfur oxides hosphorus oxides netal oxide/oxides	
Special precautions for fire- fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the here is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or with uitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done withour Jse water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	out
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-conta preathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pre node.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	For specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
x ylene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-butoxyethanol	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	WES-TWA: 121 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
butanone	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-STEL: 890 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	WES-STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	WES-TWA: 445 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
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contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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ethylbenzene			NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measures			
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Respiratory protection	:	Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Gloves	1	butyl rubber	
Eye protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection	:		nal skin protection measures should be formed and the risks involved and should be ing this product.

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Product name EPOTEC G55 GREY-GREEN

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

: Liquid.
: Grey.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: 80°C (176°F)
: Closed cup: -6°C (21.2°F)
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: 1.62
: 1.602
: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials strong acids strong alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely i	routes of exposure
Inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
<=1100)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Urea, polymer with	LD50 Oral	Rat	8394 mg/kg	-
formaldehyde				
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
2-butoxyethanol	Skin - Moderate irritant		-	4 hours	28 days
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	21 days
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data av	ailable on the mix	cture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data av				
Respiratory	: There are no data av	ailable on the mix	cture itself.		
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data av	ailable on the mix	cture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data av	ailable on the mix	cture itself.		
Potential chronic health eff	fects				
General	: May cause damage or repeated contact dermatitis. Once se subsequently expose	can defat the skin nsitized, a severe	and lead to in allergic react	rritation, cracking	and/or
Inhalation	: Once sensitized, a s to very low levels.	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.			
Skin contact	: Once sensitized, a s to very low levels.	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.			
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causin exposure.	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant	t effects or critical	hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damage	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.			
Developmental effects	: No known significant	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.				
Chronic toxicity					
Not available.					
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data av	ailable on the mix	cture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data av	ailable on the mix	cture itself.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data av	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Reproductive toxicity	roductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data av	ailable on the mix	dure itself.		
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ity</u>				

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
▶ Poxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>Category 2</td><td>dermal</td><td>-</td></mw<=1100)<>	Category 2	dermal	-
xylene	Category 2	-	-
butanone	Category 2	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	inhalation	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	3441.27 mg/kg
Dermal	9486.88 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	76.74 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 1474 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l	Fish	21 days
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
xylene 2-butoxyethanol ethylbenzene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
butanone	0.3	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

· Not available.

s : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Not cuitable:	Do not allow to optor drains or watercourses

Not suitable: : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	NZ	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
	PARAMELE V		
Packing group	II		11
	1		New Zealand Page: 11/1

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Product name EPOTEC G55 GREY-GREEN

14. Transport information

•			
Environmental	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally
hazards			hazardous substance mark is
			not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	Not applicable.

Additional information

NZ Hazchem code	 The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. •3YE 		
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.		
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.		
Special precaution	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669 Flammable, Toxic [6.7]
Emergency Management Regulations	: Level 1: Labelling required when 1L is present in a workplace.
	Level 2: MSDS required when any amount is present in a workplace. At least 2 x 4.5 kg powder fire extinguishers required when 250L is present in a workplace.
	Level 3: Emergency Response Plans and Secondary Containment required when 1000L is stored.
	Flammable Signage required when 250L is present in a workplace.
Classes 1 to 5 Control Regulations	 Hazardous Atmosphere Zones required for quantities greater than: 100L (closed), 25L (decanting), 5L (open occasionally), 1L (open continuously). Hazardous Substances Location Certificate required for quantities greater than: 250L (containers up to 5L), 100L (containers >5L), 50L (open containers).
Approved Handler	: Yes - For quantities greater than 500L in containers up to 5L; or 250 L in containers >5L.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Conver	ition List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollutants

Section 15. Regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Date of issue	: 8 November 2021			
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.				
Key to abbreviations	: STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit TWA = Time-Weighted Average WES = Work Exposure Standard			
References Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Not available. : EHS			

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.